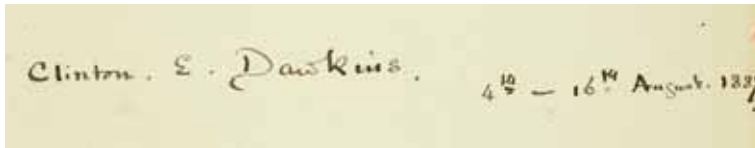


Clinton Edward Dawkins

* 1859 +2. Dezember 1905



Gästebücher Band I

Aufenthalt Schloss Neubeuern:

14. - 16. August 1887

Sir Clinton Edward Dawkins (1859 – 2 December 1905) was a British businessman and civil servant. He succeeded **Alfred Milner** as private secretary to Chancellor of the Exchequer **George Goschen** in 1889. He later served overseas as undersecretary for finance in Egypt from 1895 to 1899. His final role was as financial advisor to **Lord Curzon**, Governor-General of India in 1899.

During 1899, he accepted an offer from the financier **John Pierpont Morgan** of full partnership in the London branch of his firm, **J. S. Morgan & Co.**, where he remained until his death in 1905. He was a member of the Coefficients dining club of social reformers set up in 1902 by the Fabian campaigners **Sidney** and **Beatrice Webb**.

In recognition of **Dawkin's** work in chairing a Committee reviewing the Administration of the War Office, he was invested with the Knight Commander of the Order of the Bath, in the coronation honours of 1902. He had previously been made a Commander of the same order.

Dawkins died from heart disease on 2 December 1905, he was survived by his wife **Louise**, daughter of **Charles Johnston**, and his daughter **Dorothy**. He was cremated and his ashes spread at Brookwood Cemetery on 6 December.

An indirect descendant is British science writer **Richard Dawkins**, who is a great-great-great-nephew to **Clinton Edward**.

Quelle:

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Clinton_Edward_Dawkins

J. PIERPONT MORGAN'S LONDON TRACTION PLAN.; Clinton E. Dawkins of J.S. Morgan & Co. Testifies in Favor of It Before the House of Lords Committee.

LONDON, April 23. 1902 -- Clinton E. Dawkins, a member of the firm, of J.S. Morgan Co., testified yesterday before the House of Lords Committee which is investigating the whole question of London underground transit.

Quelle:

The New York Times



Gästebücher Band I "Dawkins Land"